

The Virginia Citizen.

DEMOCRATIC WEEKLY.

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W. McDONALD LEE, EDITOR.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Space	1w.	2w.	3w.	4w.	5w.	6w.	7w.	8w.	9w.	10w.	11w.	12w.
1 inch	1.50	2.50	3.50	4.50	5.50	6.50	7.50	8.50	9.50	10.50	11.50	12.50
2 inches	2.50	4.50	6.50	8.50	10.50	12.50	14.50	16.50	18.50	20.50	22.50	24.50
3 inches	3.50	6.50	9.50	12.50	15.50	18.50	21.50	24.50	27.50	30.50	33.50	36.50
4 inches	4.50	8.50	12.50	16.50	20.50	24.50	28.50	32.50	36.50	40.50	44.50	48.50
5 inches	5.50	10.50	15.50	20.50	25.50	30.50	35.50	40.50	45.50	50.50	55.50	60.50
6 inches	6.50	12.50	18.50	24.50	30.50	36.50	42.50	48.50	54.50	60.50	66.50	72.50
7 inches	7.50	14.50	21.50	28.50	35.50	42.50	49.50	56.50	63.50	70.50	77.50	84.50
8 inches	8.50	16.50	24.50	32.50	40.50	48.50	56.50	64.50	72.50	80.50	88.50	96.50
9 inches	9.50	18.50	28.50	38.50	48.50	58.50	68.50	78.50	88.50	98.50	108.50	118.50
10 inches	10.50	20.50	32.50	44.50	56.50	68.50	80.50	92.50	104.50	116.50	128.50	140.50
11 inches	11.50	22.50	36.50	50.50	64.50	78.50	92.50	106.50	120.50	134.50	148.50	162.50
12 inches	12.50	24.50	40.50	56.50	72.50	88.50	104.50	120.50	136.50	152.50	168.50	184.50

Notices in reading columns, 7 cents per line per insertion (for not less than five lines) for the first month or longer, and then three months 10 cents per line. Non-resident letters, notices, religious notices of entertainments, excursions, etc., one-half regular rates.

All communications or business letters should be addressed to THE VIRGINIA CITIZEN, IRVINGTON, VA., to receive prompt attention.

Friday, October 19, 1900.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET, 1900.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM J. BRYAN,
OF NEBRASKA.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:
ADLAI E. STEVENSON,
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR CONGRESS, FIRST DISTRICT:
W. A. JONES,
OF RICHMOND COUNTY.

A SUBJECT OF CHARITY.

It is a rare thing to find any one within the counties of this Northern Neck that is in destitute circumstances, and we should feel thankful that such is the case. Once in awhile, however, we find that the hand of misfortune is laid heavily upon some of our citizens, and when this is the case we cannot show our gratitude in a more acceptable way than by ameliorating their condition.

In Corrotonne, this county, a widow and her little child are in distress, lacking not only food but even raiment, shelter and fuel. Their condition is the result of long protracted illness of the husband and father, who died a few months ago, since which time the widow has not been in health equal to the task of providing for herself and little one. The good people of that vicinity have been doing what they could for the distressed ones, but as colder weather is coming on there is need for extra exertion. No doubt the churches will take up the matter, but individuals should not wait for that; they will not be exonerated by Him who said "Inasmuch as ye did it unto one of the least of these ye did it unto Me" if they wait for someone else to do the work of charity. Any donation will be properly applied in this case if put into the hands of Mr. L. D. Stoueham, Molok, Va.

BALLOON RACING.

France is the first country to successfully make long trips with balloons, as it was also the first to bring into general use the automobile. On last week the papers recount remarkable trips made from Paris by several air-ships during a race. All of the competitors have been heard from and their trips, starting from Paris, resulted as follows: Count Van's balloon, "Centaur," landed safely in Russia, 1,300 miles distant, making the trip in the remarkable time of 34 hours. Another, the "St. Louis," landed 1,200 miles away, also in Russia, 300 miles short of St. Petersburg. The others made still shorter distances.

The success with which the French are almost daily meeting in the aeronautic trips seems almost a guaranty that the twentieth century will usher in a general system of air travelling, a subject which has agitated mankind almost since the day he was first privileged to view the winged flights of denizens of the air.

The political situation in New York is one which gives both parties much concern. We confess that we have had little hope of Mr. Bryan's carrying that state, but had based our confidence in his election upon the very good prospects of his winning Indiana and Illinois. Even the closest of ante-election canvassing is not always a sure index of what the result will be in any state, more especially a pivotal one. Our hopes in respect to New York have received much encouragement, though, of late. Upon a recent trip between Washington and Baltimore there were a number of public men and office-holders—among the former being several Democrats—who were on their way home to New York to register for the coming election. In conversation with the Democrats, all of whom appeared quite jubilant, the impression was riveted upon us that Mr. Croker was sincere in his desire for the election of Mr. Bryan, and our traveling companions seemed positive that he would give New York City to Bryan by 100,000 majority, and that this majority could not be overcome by McKinley throughout the rest of the state. We find much encouragement in this information, but, as we have already stated, all estimates in New York are purely guess-work.

The striking miners seem to be imbued with the same idea that was advanced in these columns last week—to the effect that the owners are willing to concede them all their demands only until "further notice." The miners demand that these terms be extended until next spring. To this the operators object, and it is to us most patent that they desire to concede the demand of the miners only until after election, after which they will again squeeze the workers. It will not matter so much, after the election is a thing of the past, if the miners do strike, because the operators can afford, from a financial point of view, to allow their mines to remain idle in order to secure a permanent victory over their men.

[Since the above was in type and as we go to press we see that the operators have granted the concessions of the miners, terms to extend to next spring.]

His friends are boldly claiming some of the counties of the South-side for our friend "Jeems" Monroe Stubbs but no bulletins of that nature have gone forth in respect to any of the counties of the Northern Neck. Mr. Jones has spoken in three of the four and it is safe to say that they all will give him their old-time majorities. If the Democrats are not "breaking their necks" or "run mad"—epithets sometimes applied to us in our political enthusiasm—it is because we feel sanguine and do not consider that there is any serious opposition to our Congressman. But this is very often the source of great danger. We should take nothing for granted but work zealously for the election of Bryan and Jones until the polls close on the 6th of November.

Nothing has ever happened to give us more encouragement that sectional feeling is fast passing away than what transpired in New York a few days ago. Alongside of Grant, and dozens of others whom the North calls great, the portraits of Washington, Jefferson, Clay, John Marshall and Robert E. Lee will take places in the "Hall of Fame." And this was not the action of a few men, in whom it might not have appeared strange that patriotism would be exhibited, for the names were chosen by vote of a large coterie. The dead Chief Justice's vote was near the highest, and our great Southern military chieftain's but a little lower down.

The Supreme Court of the United States is in session. The docket embraces cases involving great fundamental principles—such as the political relations of Porto Rico and the Philippine Islands to the Union, but, as the Administration is considered entitled to some courtesy, it is safe to predict that these cases will not be adjudicated with a recklessness that might have effect upon the Presidential election.

The Democrats are not letting the great betting odds offered on McKinley disturb them much. The Republican campaign fund is footing the most of it. They deem it an easy way to influence some voters whom they cannot purchase.

Are we entitled to the glorious epithet of "Christian nation," when thousands of dollars, which might have been donated to sufferers in different parts of the world, will be spent in diabolical campaign grog?

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

PREACHER ON THE CONVENTION.
On Sunday night last Rev. C. Rosser James, of the Southern Methodist Church, delivered a strong sermon at Irvington on the bright outlook for Christianity and morality, in the course of which he alluded to the proposed Constitutional Convention for this State in favorable terms. "And before many months shall have passed," he said, "this State will be under a new Constitution that will eliminate the purchasable and dangerous vote of the State; and then we will see the dawn of a new day political, from which much of the iniquity and abuses in politics will be eradicated. Then we may hope to see fewer and better men in office; when the laws against immorality will mean more than mere words. Then, too, all of the virtues cannot be claimed by any party, and all the vices charged to the other; but caste will be a feature of each, and to gain support of good men, they will have to put into execution principles of virtue that now are but as sounding brass and a tinkling symbol."

THE LAW CONSTITUTIONAL.

NORFOLK, VA., Oct. 16.—In the Reese Manufacturing bankruptcy case, tried here to-day, Judge Waddill, of the United States Court, held that "the mechanics lien law of Virginia and the State statute governing liens to those furnishing supplies and materials to mining and manufacturing companies were constitutional, and that the bankruptcy act of 1898 did not invalidate liens acquired under the State law. He further held that the filing of a lien under the State statute was not such a proceeding at law or in equity as was avoided by the bankruptcy act." This is a most important decision, as the question has been one of the most generally controverted legal questions presented by the bankruptcy law.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15th, 1900.
The entire administration, from the President down, is playing partisan politics for all it knows how and the public business is getting on in any way it can. The White House has been turned into a political headquarters with the President filling the duties of Lieutenant to Boss Hanna. Anything to keep the Republicans in power is the basis of all the White House consultations and conferences. There are single votes not being overlooked was shown by the official order sent from Washington for the immediate dismissal of a woman clerk in the Indianapolis Post Office, who got married the other day, and the appointment of a voter in her place. Besides the administration are doing in Washington, the following prominent officials, and this is only a partial list, are on the stump for McKinley, with their salaries being paid by the taxpayers while their official work is being neglected: Postmaster-General Smith, Secretary of State, Attorney-General, Solicitor-General, Third Assistant Postmaster-General, Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General, Commissioner of Pensions, Evans, Director of the Mint, Roberts. In addition to these there is an army of smaller officials in the field speaking or pulling wires to influence voters, and the people are footing all the bills.

Republican speakers and writers are not likely to exploit the returns for the month of September from the postoffices of the fifty largest cities in the country, just received and tabulated, to prove the increasing prosperity of the country, for the simple reason that fourteen out of the fifty show smaller receipts than they had in September of last year, indicating that the pinnacle of the temporary prosperity, made by the war with Spain, big crops, and other conditions which put money in circulation, has been passed and that the business of the country is now on the downgrade, as Democrats have predicted it would be as soon as the normal reaction set in.

Senator Wellington passed through Washington on his return from a speaking tour in the West and North-west. In reply to questions as to the campaign outlook, he said: "In my judgment Bryan will be elected. I think the Middle West will go for him, and that when the electoral college is polled he will get the necessary number of votes. I have not the slightest doubt that Mr. Bryan will carry Maryland. The sentiment in the State, and I have sounded it thoroughly, is greatly in favor of the Democratic candidate. There are hundreds and hundreds of old-time Republicans who will leave the party and vote the Democratic ticket. On the other hand, there will not be a handful of Democrats who will fail to stand by their party's nominee. I think that Bryan's majority in my native State will be anywhere from 15,000 to 20,000."

More government clerks will go home to vote this year, than have done so since the days when Zach Chandler bossed the Republican machine and made them do as he pleased. Clerks will register and vote who have not done so for twenty years or more. Every government clerk residing in a state controlled by the opposition has received a circular letter from the Republican bosses of his state, telling him that if he fails to register and vote, his name will be added to the Republican State Committee, which is merely another way of telling him that if he fails to vote, he will lose his job. The heads of the government departments are doing their part to help along the exodus of voters, at the expense of the taxpayers of the country, by allowing it to be known that the clerks will be paid for the time lost in going home to register and vote, and will not have the name deducted from their annual leave.

Late advices from Illinois put that State in the sure Democratic column. A poll of the state completed by the Democrats several days ago gives Bryan a majority of from 20,000 to 30,000 outside the city of Chicago, which has been practically conceded to the Democrats by the Republicans from the beginning of the campaign. When it was telegraphed to Washington a few days ago that Teddy had, in a speech at Milwaukee, made the positive promise that the war tax on beer would be repealed by the Republican Congress at the coming session, it was thought that he had been talking merely to make notes among the brewing interests of that locality, but it is now almost certainly known that he spoke by the card, and that Boss Hanna has made a dicker with big brewers, whereby in return for big campaign contributions and their influence, he promised that the beer tax would be repealed at the next session of Congress. Teddy's only break was in publicly stating what Hanna would probably have preferred being kept quiet until after election.

COAL STRIKE ENDED.

(Special to the Citizen.)

The conference between the individual coal operators and the representatives of the big coal-carrying companies with a view to bringing about the termination of the anthracite coal strike has ended by those present agreeing to the miners' demands. The conference resulted in an agreement in compliance with the demands made by the Mine-Workers' Convention. The Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company at once issued the following statement: "It hereby withdraws the notice posted October 3, 1900, and to bring about practical uniformity in the advance of wages in the several regions, gives notice that it will suspend the operation of the sliding scale, will pay 10 per cent. advance on September wages till April 1, 1901, and thereafter, until further notice, and will take up with its mine employees any grievances which they may have."

DEATH OF WM. L. WILSON.

(Special to the Citizen.)

Hon. William L. Wilson, president of Washington and Lee University and ex-Postmaster General, died suddenly at 9:30 o'clock Wednesday morning at his home in Lexington, Va., of congestion of the lungs.

POLITICAL.

The Morning church has officially pronounced for Mr. McKinley.

It is stated that if Bryan carries Erie county, New York, he will secure the State.

Governor Tyler will call the Virginia Legislature in extra session about January 20th.

Governor Roosevelt has found a new name for "negro." He calls them "Smoked Yankees."

Ex-President Cleveland has written a letter and seems to be on both sides of the fence. He is opposed to Free Silver and Expansion.

The Danville Register states confidently that the "old Fifth District promises to break all records in its majority for Bryan, Stevenson and Swanson."

The registration books are now open, and parties wishing to register are advised to do so before the 27th of this month, as the books will be closed after that date.

Ex-President Harrison declines to make any speeches for McKinley and scores the Porto Rican bill. He is not favorable to Bryan's election, but he has little to say in praise of the Republican ticket.

A call has been issued by the Democratic Executive Committee for a grand rally October 27th of all the Democratic clubs throughout the country. The day will be observed as a Democratic field-day.

Mr. Bryan was given a grand ovation at Madison Square Garden, New York, this week. He was seated by the Tammany Chieftain in an open carriage and with uncovered head bowed and smiled to the thousands who cheered him to the echo.

William McKinley, of Canton, O., has, so far, by his indecision or decision, cost this country nearly \$500,000, every dollar of which might have been left in the tax-payers' pockets. Do you want to try another four years and another \$500,000,000 of him?—*Richmond Dispatch.*

The reception tendered to Mr. Bryan in Cleveland, O., the home of Senator Hanna, Monday was one of the most brilliant he has received on his entire tour. The Central Armory, holding many thousands of people, where he made the first speech of the evening, was filled to the point of suffocation.

There was a mildly wild time when Mr. Bryan spoke in Ann Arbor, Mich., last week. The students of the State University were at one made his presence felt. As soon as Mr. Bryan made his appearance they began cheering and kept it up for 15 minutes. Several arrests had to be made.

Two years ago the prosperous and happy Porto Ricans hailed the American flag with cheers. To-day, through bad government, the Porto Ricans are standing in line before government depots receiving just enough food to keep them alive. Is it any wonder that the Filipinos would rather die than submit?—*Richmond Dispatch.*

The first Republican speech of the campaign heard in Fredericksburg was delivered Monday at the courthouse before a large gathering of voters by Hon. Malcolm A. Coles, a former member of the Legislature from Northern Neck county, and prominently mentioned for the past two campaigns. He was heartily applauded.—*The Free Lance.*

One of the most attractive aspects of Mr. Bryan's candidacy is the personal freedom and independence with which, if the people elect him, he would enter the White House. He has given the country positive assurance that no boss or association of bosses hold his political promises, payable on demand after his inauguration. And the whole character of the man makes this assurance sure.—*Baltimore Sun.*

NEWS ITEMS.

The work of the fertilizer inspectors for this season will probably end this month.

Gilligan is said to be in perfect health and making a good behavior record, second only to that of Mr. Hiddick.

The price of Standard Oil shares Monday advanced far beyond all previous records, selling at \$80 against \$66 on Saturday.

Mr. Josiah Hyland, Second Auditor of Virginia, died at his home, in Barton Heights, Tuesday after an illness of but a few days.

A challenge from Sir Thomas Lipton for another series of races for the America's cup, has been sent to the New York Yacht Club.

It is reported that a sloop captained by Wolf Trap Lighthouse men were drowned. Name of the sloop could not be obtained.

A body of strikers, who were marching in front of the mines, were stopped and driven back by soldiers with drawn bayonets Tuesday. No blood was shed.

The Boers are far from being subdued. Late dispatches are to the effect that they have been exceedingly active the past week, several engagements being reported.

It is expected that Rev. John Hannan, of San Francisco, will be transferred to the Virginia Conference, Methodist Episcopal Church South, next month.

Governor Woodruff, of New York, declined to honor the requisition of the Governor of Texas for the delivery of the officers and directors of the Standard Oil Company charged with violating the anti-trust law of Texas.

Henry E. Youtsey, on trial charged with being a principal in the shooting of Governor Goebel, was still unable to enter the court room Tuesday. Lying on his bed, he was drawn to the door of the jury room in plain view of those in the courtroom, and the trial proceeded.

Sweet Potatoes for Europe.

There are no sweet potatoes grown in Europe except on the Mediterranean coast and these are of inferior quality. The United States Agricultural department has arranged for shipments to be made from the Eastern Shore of Virginia and believes that a trade of considerable proportions can be built up if the growers will take hold of the project.

THE CRISIS IN CHINA.

Russia has changed its attitude in China and in the future its action will be increasingly independent.

Since the Chinese Court arrived at the new capital, Sian Fu, says a special dispatch from Shanghai, extraordinary edicts removing the nobles have been issued showing that Prince Tuan holds the Imperial seal.

While the powers are wasting time in trying to agree with each other on the basis of the Chinese falling into further anarchy. Besides the rebellions of the Boxers, Tiele and Black Flags there are fresh rebellions of various factions of reformers, dynastic and anti-dynastic, foreign and anti-foreign. The anti-foreign of the Chinese to the Manchus crops out. The latter get offices without standing the literary examinations prescribed to the Chinese. They have the strong "pull" and get the fastest places. Now is the time, according to some Chinese patriots, to get a square deal by downing the incompetent Manchus. Since the latter have seen Manchuria, the latter of their origin, given over to Russia, they naturally wish to retain their predominance elsewhere. The outlook for China is bad.

IMPERIAL THROPS BEATEN.

The rebels have captured the City of Wai-Chow, defeating the Imperial troops who were sent against them. Sixty on both sides were killed. On October 11th the rebels were attacking Tung Koon.

The rebels are alleged to be the partisans of Kang-Yuwei, the Chinese reformer, now a refugee from China.

FISHING NOTES.

Captain N. B. Church, of the American Fisheries Company, denies the statement that the catch of menhaden oil fish by the steamers of the Fisheries Company at Lewes, Del., is not so successful as last season; that the fish are of inferior quality and poor oil producers, and that part of the catch has been closed for lack of fish. Captain Church states that the catch of fish is quite up to the standard, their quality is above the standard and the market is firm, with an encouraging outlook.—*Fishing Gazette.*

"Trout are 'schooling up'" on the lower Rappahannock, and for the next few weeks, unless bad weather sets in sooner, the hook-and-line sport will be fine. Judson T. Haydon, of Irvington, has every morning caught 148 nice trout on one tide.

The catch of jumping mullets in the North Carolina Sounds is greater than ever known before. The seines are daily loaded with them and many thousands of dollars have been harvested from this source within the past few weeks.

A PRESIDENT THAT MUST GO.

Mr. McKinley, as a President, has cost this country too much, and he must go. We have passed the 5,000 mark in the Philippines, and the war there is as active as ever. It is Mr. McKinley's war brought on by his extravagant proclamation of American sovereignty, and on his own account six weeks before the treaty had been ratified. Up to the last official advice, August 6th, the United States had lost there 5,100 men. Of these, 2,732 are in their graves, and the rest are in hospitals. Up to January 30th last the Philippine war had cost our country \$150,000,000 and to-day our army there is costing \$65,000,000 a year, which does not include nearly thirty naval ships patrolling the islands. At the latest advices from Manila, September 22d, the Filipinos were fighting our troops as actively as ever, and Aguinaldo, at the head of their government, had rejected with contempt Mr. McKinley's proclamation of amnesty. As far as human foresight can divine, the Filipinos are waging the same war for liberty against us that they have waged for generations against Spain, a view strengthened by the fact that the American troops, after all this expenditure of life and money, do not hold one-fifth of the territory of the Philippines.—*Richmond Dispatch.*

HOW TEDDY SWITCHED OFF.

"Ode!! Never!! (June)—Heartily For Him!!" (August).

The New York World illustrates Governor Roosevelt bowing the neck to a political boss by the following quotations from him:

PHILADELPHIA IN JUNE.
"Ode!! Never!! (June)—Heartily For Him!!" (August).

"I do not know that there are any candidates of whom I am worthy to speak of against Mr. Odell. Of course I am heartily for him. He has been very close to me during those two years and my respect for him has grown steadily. He will be nominated and elected, and he will make an excellent Governor. He will represent the whole Republican party and will be a party question, and as Governor will represent the whole State, regardless of party, and will devote all his best energies to the service of the Commonwealth as a whole."

NEW YORK IN AUGUST.
"I do not know that there are any candidates of whom I am worthy to speak of against Mr. Odell. Of course I am heartily for him. He has been very close to me during those two years and my respect for him has grown steadily. He will be nominated and elected, and he will make an excellent Governor. He will represent the whole Republican party and will be a party question, and as Governor will represent the whole State, regardless of party, and will devote all his best energies to the service of the Commonwealth as a whole."

PAY MORE FOR WHAT YOU EAT.
There has been a rise recently in the price of many articles of food. Sugar has gone up considerably and is still fluctuating; coffee about four cents; bacon one cent, and lard one cent pound higher.

The rise in sugar and coffee is attributed by the wholesale merchants to trusts, while, they say, the law of supply and demand is responsible for the increase in the price of bacon and lard.

Flour advanced considerably in price a few weeks ago, but it has taken a tumble.

Vegetables are coming higher, because of the severe drought, and chickens are plentiful and are comparatively cheap.

Not only is there an increase in the prices of things to eat, but nearly everything else is selling higher than for the last few years.

Builders say iron, tin and lumber are all selling at advanced rates.

It is said that 250,000,000 microbes can stand on a postage stamp. Goodness! Just think of killing all of these at one lick.—*Richmond News.*

ACROSS THE SEAS.

Capt. Shields and his men, who were captured some weeks ago by the Filipinos, have been rescued.

A detachment of 20 men of the Twenty-fourth Regiment, while engaged in repairing telegraph wires, were set upon by 200 rebels, overpowered and scattered. Seven of the Americans reached San Jose, but it is probable that the remainder were captured. The enemy surprised a party of scouts of the Forty-third Infantry at a point three miles from Takloban, killing three of the Americans at the first volley.

"KETCH-AWLS" FROM EVERYWHERE.

People in too many communities waste their time in making faces. They will wreck their own interests in injuring some one else. They permit envy and jealousy to blind their judgments and dominate their actions. To build up a town people must pull together, and not pull down. In private business they must compete. In public business they must co-operate. Any other policy is silly and suicidal, and is the evidence of a small mind. New communities stand together better than old ones, in which are animosities of long standing, social and professional rivalries and deep-seated grudges. Hence, the older residents very frequently become bigoted and stubborn and mean, and first-class foreigners become public blessings.—*Orange Observer.*

The Whole Truth!

There's nothing so bad for a cough as coughing.

There's nothing so good for a cough as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

The 25 cent size is just right for an ordinary, everyday cold. The 50 cent size is better for the cough of bronchitis, croup, grip, and hoarseness. The dollar size is best for chronic coughs, as in consumption, chronic bronchitis, asthma, etc.

NORTHERN NECK AGRICULTURAL FAIR.

This Fair will be held on the Fair Grounds near Heathsville on October 31st and November 1st and 2nd. The Fair this Year will Surpass all Previous Ones and the Public is Cordially Invited to Attend.

FIRST DAY.—October 31st.

2 p. m., 2-year-old, trot or pace, half mile, 2 in 3, 3 to enter, 3 to start. First premium \$8, second premium \$4.

4 p. m., Scrub race, free for all horses inside 2 minutes, 5 to enter, 3 to start, 3 in 5, half mile. First premium \$8, second prem. \$4, third prem. \$3.

SECOND DAY.—November 1st.

11 a. m., 4-year-old, trot or pace, 3 in 5, half mile, 5 to enter, 3 to start. First premium \$15, second prem. \$10, third prem. \$5.

2 p. m., 2:30 class, trot or pace, 3 in 5, one mile, 5 to enter, 3 to start. First premium \$20, second prem. \$12, third prem. \$8.

3 p. m., Mule race, 3 to enter, 3 to start, 3 in 3, half mile. First premium \$5, second prem. \$3, third prem. \$2.

THIRD DAY.—November 2nd.

11 a. m., 2-year-old, trot or pace, 3 in 5, half mile, 5 to enter, 3 to start. First premium \$30, second prem. \$15, third prem. \$8.

2 p. m., Scrub race, 5 to enter, 3 to start, 3 in 5, half mile. First premium \$8, second prem. \$4, third prem. \$3.

Pratt's Food Co. offers the following special premiums: